

L^AT_EX Workshop Handout

The purpose of this handout is to provide you with some basic information to successfully start using L^AT_EX. A step-by-step guide to using Overleaf can be found below:

- (1) Create an account at <https://www.overleaf.com/>.
- (2) Click the `NEW PROJECT` button in the top left-hand corner and then select the `BLANK PROJECT` option from the drop-down menu.
- (3) Name your project and click the `CREATE` button.
- (4) By default, Overleaf will provide you with a preamble (the section before the `\begin{document}` command) and first section. We recommend that you delete this, and start fresh with the preamble on the back of this handout.
- (5) Next, go to a new line and type the command `\begin{document}`. Overleaf will autofill the environment if you press the `TAB` key.
- (6) Place the text of your document between the `\begin{document}` and `\end{document}` commands.

Helpful Links

Below are some helpful links to get started with L^AT_EX.

- Basic Information:
https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Learn_LaTeX_in_30_minutes
- Using Color:
https://www.overleaf.com/learn/latex/Using_colours_in_LaTeX
- Math in L^AT_EX:
<https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/Mathematics>
- A Tool for Finding Symbols:
<https://detexify.kirelabs.org/classify.html>
- For Everything Else:
<https://www.google.com/>

Sample Preamble

```
\documentclass[12pt]{amsart}
\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}
\usepackage{amsmath, amssymb, amsthm, amsfonts}
%% End Basic Packages %%

\usepackage[margin=1in]{geometry}
\usepackage{setspace}
\usepackage{xcolor}
\usepackage{graphicx}
\graphicspath{ {./Images/} }
\doublespacing
%% End Spacing Options %%

\theoremstyle{plain}
\newtheorem{theorem}{Theorem}[section]
\newtheorem{lemma}[theorem]{Lemma}
\theoremstyle{definition}
\newtheorem{definition}[theorem]{Definition}
\newtheorem{question}[theorem]{Question}
%% End Environment Definitions %%

\newcommand{\N}{\mathbb{N}}
\newcommand{\Z}{\mathbb{Z}}
\newcommand{\Q}{\mathbb{Q}}
\newcommand{\R}{\mathbb{R}}
%% End Commands %%
%% End Preamble %%
```